## NATIONAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

For Central Legislation on Construction Labour

**Justice V.R. Krishna lyer** Founder Chairman

R. Venkataramani Sr. Advocate- Supreme Court Convener Correspondence Address: **Geetha R.** South Regional Coordinator S. Bhatnagar Coordinator

B-19, Subhavna Niketan Pitampura, Delhi-110034 Ph: 91-11-27013523, 27022243

Email: ncccl2010@gmail.com

www. nirmana.org

Mobile: 9810810365

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NEW DELHI: In the wake of coronavirus outbreak and subsequent lockdown, the Union Home Ministry on Wednesday announced that Rs 3000 crores have been distributed among 2 crore registered construction workers till now.

"In 31 states/UTs, cash benefits of Rs 1000 to Rs 6000 have been announced for registered construction workers under Building&Other Construction Workers' Welfare Cess Fund. About 2 crore registered construction workers have been given Rs 3000 crores till now," Saheli Ghosh Roy, Joint Secretary at a press conference here.

https://economictimes.indiatimes.com/small-biz/productline/building-materials/rs-3000-crore-given-to-2-crore-registered-construction-workers-mha/articleshow/75060935.cms

Dear Friends,

From the table on next two pages The 'State wise Numbers of Registered Construction Workers, Cess Collection and Cess Amount Spent under the BOCW Acts' the above statement of the Joint Secretary of the Home Ministry appears to baseless and imaginary.

NCC-CL is pointing out this wrong because it really wants that in the present health crisis the 37 State/UT BOCW Boards should spend not only 3000 crore Rupees but even more to meet the requirement of all the registered construction workers, non-registered construction workers and migrant Construction workers, most of whom are not registered as beneficiaries in the states where they are working.

Table-1

State-wise positions of Number of Workers Registered, Cess Collected and Amount Spent under the Building and other Construction Workers Acts, 1996 along with the % of expenses S.No. State / UT numb **Estimated** Registered Perce Amt of amt. perc Cess Per year per er of No. of workers with ntage cess spent enta Collection per CW Cess vears Construction the board as of collecte 31.06.2 ge of CW G- (D/A) Collection-Hboard Workers for οn regist d 017 (in amo (in Rs.) G/A (in Rs.) 30.06.2017 forma 2016-17 by ered (in crore unt NCC-CL(A) tion (B) worke crore Rs.) (E) spen Rs.) t agains 31.06.2 again t 017 (D) st estim colle ated ction CW(C. - F (D/E) Daman & Diu 10 1 1.811 919 51 37 1 1 205,246 20,524.57 **Sikkim** 7 2 76 22 29 28,181 35,125 125 26,969 3,852.65 8 Chandigarh 4 4 43,136 17,821 41 109 4 25,253 3,156.59 Lakshadweep 6 9 5,184 179 3 7 13,040 2,173.35 Arunachal 10 5 **Pradesh** 33,379 18,443 55 65 52 79 19,581 1,958.12 9 7 Goa 3 96 57,432 2,009 1 1 16,677 1,853.01 Karnataka 11 6 329 8 2,259,608 1,155,521 51 4,375 19,360 1,759.98 Delhi 15 3 6 1,000,000 50 2,548 152 25,479 501,814 1,698.63 8 Andaman 8 Nicobar Islands 9 37,352 37 49 5 13,234 13,879 1,654.20 Nagaland 6 13 19 20 3 23,291 4,418 17 8,613 1,435.46 Maharashtra 10 10 4,484,955 610,715 14 5,484 385 7 12,227 1,222.67 8 Meghalaya 12 120,688 14,560 12 109 2 2 9.070 1,133.81 8 15 Mijoram 40 54 49,590 44 22 21,865 8,141 1,017.59 Haryana 11 11 1,013.92 1,769,664 703,158 40 1.974 210 11 11,153 17 Chhattisgarh 9 1,096,574 110 798 1,206,549 615 77 7,275 808.30 9 18 Assam 967,882 101,075 10 697 172 25 7,197 799.63 J & K 7 22 28 534 317,608 244 46 4,629 661.32 1,153,600

| 14  | Gujarat                         | 13 |            |            |    |        |       |     |       |        |
|-----|---------------------------------|----|------------|------------|----|--------|-------|-----|-------|--------|
|     |                                 |    | 2,002,397  | 569,669    | 28 | 1,690  | 86    | 5   | 8,441 | 649.30 |
| 19  | Punjab                          | 9  |            |            |    |        |       |     |       |        |
| 1.0 | Puduchery                       | 15 | 2,115,200  | 610,816    | 29 | 1,030  | 497   | 48  | 4,867 | 540.81 |
| 16  | Puduchery                       | 13 | 104,981    | 40,755     | 39 | 82     | 51    | 62  | 7,815 | 520.98 |
| 20  | Andhra<br>Pradesh+Telan<br>gana | 10 | 4,848,352  | 2,752,748  | 57 | 2,312  | 548   | 24  | 4,769 | 476.95 |
| 27  | Uttar Pradesh                   | 6  | 1,010,332  | 2,732,710  | 3, | 2,312  | 3 10  |     | 1,703 | 170.55 |
|     |                                 |    | 12,138,136 | 3,607,498  | 30 | 3,369  | 799   | 24  | 2,775 | 462.55 |
| 25  | West Bengal                     | 12 | 4,124,747  | 3,021,365  | 73 | 1,508  | 764   | 51  | 3,656 | 304.63 |
| 23  | Madhya<br>Pradesh               | 14 | 5,014,170  | 2,919,105  | 58 | 2,123  | 900   | 42  | 4,234 | 302.42 |
| 24  | Odisa                           | 13 | 3,014,066  | 1,840,000  | 61 | 1,170  | 404   | 35  | 3,882 | 298.60 |
| 28  | Bihar                           | 9  | 3,991,224  | 818,920    | 21 | 1,070  | 138   | 13  | 2,682 | 297.97 |
| 31  | Rajasthan                       | 8  | 7,317,894  | 1,650,230  | 23 | 1,652  | 591   | 36  | 2,258 | 282.25 |
| 30  | Uttrakhand                      | 12 | 659,298    | 163,610    | 25 | 170    | 31    | 18  | 2,585 | 215.39 |
| 21  | Kerala                          | 24 | 3,253,990  | 1,464,621  | 45 | 1,536  | 1,580 | 103 | 4,720 | 196.66 |
| 32  | Tripura                         | 10 | 840,339    | 87,113     | 10 | 151    | 17    | 11  | 1,793 | 179.32 |
| 29  | Dadar & Nagar<br>Haveli         | 15 | 11,611     | 472        | 4  | 3      | _     | -   | 2,653 | 176.84 |
| 34  | Himachal<br>Pradesh             | 8  | 2,873,378  | 121,000    | 4  | 353    | 57    | 16  | 1,229 | 153.67 |
| 26  | Tamil Nadu                      | 23 | 5,987,008  | 2,700,749  | 45 | 1,871  | 636   | 34  | 3,124 | 135.84 |
| 33  | Jharkhand                       | 10 | 2,624,344  | 609,216    | 23 | 354    | 163   | 46  | 1,348 | 134.82 |
| 35  | Manipur                         | 7  | 263,485    | 48,000     | 18 | 21     | 11    | 52  | 797   | 113.86 |
|     | India                           | 11 | 74,316,947 | 27,751,545 | 37 | 37,483 | 9,492 | 25  | 5,044 | 477.10 |

<sup>\*</sup> Figures From Annexure IV of Minutes of 18th Meeting of CAC held on 5-7-2017

In the above table the biggest state BOCW Board is in **Uttar Pradesh** where the NCC-CL estimate of the total number of construction workers is over 1.21 crore construction workers. In UP as on 30-6-17 the total number of registered construction workers in the UP BOCW Board was 36 lakh or 30%.

According to 5<sup>th</sup> April 2020 letter of the Principal Secretary Labour the UP BOCW Board has bank details of only 10.92 lakh Construction workers who are registered as beneficiaries. UP has announced payment of Rs 1000/- per registered construction worker. Thus U.P BOCW Board can transfer only a maximum Rs. 109.2 Crore Rupees to the Bank account of registered beneficiaries.

In the same letter it is mentioned that the UP BOCW Board has 3.21 lakh mobile numbers of the registered Construction workers from which their bank account details can be collected, which will definitely take some time.

It is absolutely clear from the above table that there are **no other 30 states like** Uttar Pradesh with 36 Lakh registrations of construction workers where the transfer of 109.2 Crore rupees cess fund can add upto Rs 3000 Crore. Therefore NCC-CL declares the statement given on the top of this letter to be absolutely <u>baseless and imaginary</u>.

To take up this statement seriously, the NCC-CL requests to all the organisations of construction workers all over the country to please provide the answers to the **following nine questions** on this WhatsApp Group of NCC-CL for the public sharing. The Purpose of this public campaign is to pursue the Central Government to issue specific directions to all the State/UT BOCW Boards to distribute relief to all the Constructions workers registered as beneficiaries with the State/UT BOCW Board, to all the non-registered construction workers, and to all the migrant construction workers most of whom are not registered as beneficiaries in the States/UTs where they are working. The BOCW Boards should ensure Accommodation, Food, Medicine, and some Cash for all the construction workers to face the unemployment in the present health crisis and Lockdown.

The nine question to be answered by you at the easlent are or following:

- 1. What is the estimated number of construction workers in your state/UT.?
- 2. What is the number of construction workers registered as benificiares in your State/UT BOCW Board?
- 3. What is the number of registered construction workers whose renewals is pending?

- 4. In your State/UT BOCW Board if renewal is not done annually then please specify after how many years renewal is done?
- 5. How many construction workers have received the following benefits and how much total expenditure has been spent on providing the following benefits under Sec 22 of the BOCW Acts.
  - a. Immediate help in case of accident
  - b. Pension- please mention amount of monthly or annual pension per construction worker, number of contribution workers receiving pension and the total expenditure on the pension.
  - c. Housing loans provided so for or expenses or rousing.
  - d. Expenditure on Groups Insurance- please mention the number of construction worker who have received benefit and total amount of benefit received.
  - e. Education support to the children of CW please give the amount of help for different classes, number of children getting benefit, total amount of benefit delivered.
  - f. Health support number of person received health support and total amount spend by Board a health report.?
  - g. Maternity benefit amount per person, total number of construction worker who received maternity benefit, total amount on maternity benefit spent by the board?
  - h. Other benefit- give details e.g. marriage support.?
- 6. What is the total amount of cess, and interests earned on cess in your State?
- 7. What is the total Cess spent in your State?
- 8. During current Lackdown what is the relief declared by the Board for registered, non-registered and migrant construction workers?
- 9. What is the amount spent by the BOCW Board in your state/UT on registered construction workers, unregistered construction workers and the migrant construction workers.?

Friends, Lockdown has effected the construction workers most because majority of them live on the construction sites and spaces provided by the owner of the construction establishment or the contractor.

Within an hour of the declaration of the lockdown millions of construction workers were virtually thrown out on the roads from above mentioned

accommodations and therefore they were forced to start walking to their native places.

Neither Central nor any State Government thought of providing accommodation, food, water, sanitation and medicines to the millions of construction labour before declaring the lockdown. Not assuring these is wrong because the 37 BOCW Board all over the Country are had over 31000 Crore Rupees collected for the welfare of all construction workers of the country.

## Revised Guideline measure for 2nd phase of Lockdown

## 15. Industries/Industrial Establishments (both Governmet and Private), as listed below, will be allowed to operate:

xi. Brick kins in rural areas i.e. outside the limits of municipal corporations and municipalities.

## 16. Construction activities listed as below, will be allowed to operate:

- i. Construction of roads, irrigation projects, buildings and all kinds of industrial projects, including MSMEs, in rural areas, i.e. outside the limits of municipal corporations and municipalities; and all kinds of projects in industrial estates.
- ii. Construction of renewal energy projects.
- iii. Continuation of works in construction projects, within the limit of municipal corporations and municipalities, where workers are available on site and no workers are required to be brought from outside (in situ construction)

Here a csucial question is how the construction workers who had started to walk towards their native place, some of whom died on the way or their family members died on the way, how they can come back to work.?

In this situation all the construction workers organisations should ensure that the construction workers are provided relief wherever they are by their respective State Governments or the respective State/UT BOCW Boards out of the cess fund available with these Boards for the welfare of all the construction workers.

The Supreme Court of India had made it very clear in its 19<sup>th</sup> March 2018 Judgment on the NCC-CL Petition (CWP 318 of 2006) that all the State/UT BOCW Board should provide nationwide portable registration which can be renewed in any state or UT.

The Central Government, because of its focus on drafting the four Labour Codes, has failed in ensuring the full implementation of this judgment of the Supreme Court.

In view of the tremendous loss of the construction workers because of the lockdown, all the organisations of construction workers should join together "To save the BOCW Acts of 1669" and to ensure the full Implementation of the BOCW Acts of 1996.

NCC-CL remind you once again to please provide answer to the nine questions given on page 4-5. If all answers are not available then please give as much information as is available.

If you have any questions or suggestions please feel free to inform us.

With greetings for the Ambedkar Jayanti

Your

Subhash Bhatnagar

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Story of Mehak, who survived for several days without food with an eight days old child, covered by NDTV reached the spokesperson and MLA of AAP, Shri Dilip Pandey. Yesterday we are reported that in three houses under construction at Pushpanjali, Saraswati Vihar and Sharda Niketan, (where the Local MLA and Cabinet Minister of AAP government Shri Stendra Jain has his house), there are several families of construction workers with children who are neither provided food nor allowed by neighbor to go to school at the time of food distribution.